

DATASHEET

SMD • Side View LEDs 99-213UMC/S1099-4/TR8



Features

- .Side view white LED.
- .White SMT package.
- .Lead frame package with individual 2 pins.
- .Wide viewing angle
- .Soldering methods: IR reflow soldering
- .Pb-free
- .The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- .Compliance with EU REACH.
- .Compliance Halogen Free .(Br <900 ppm ,Cl <900 ppm , Br+Cl < 1500 ppm).

Description

Due to the package design, 99-213 has wide viewing angle, low power consumption and white LEDs are devices which are materialized by combing blue chips and special phosphor. This feature makes the LED ideal for light guide application.

Applications

- .LCD back light.
- .Mobile phones.
- .Indicators.
- .Illuminations.
- .Switch lights.



Device Selection Guide

Chip	Emitted Color	Resin Color	
Materials	Limited Color		
InGaN	Pure White	Water Clear	

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V	
Forward Current	l _F	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @10ms)	I _{FP}	60	mA	
Power Dissipation	P_d	110	mW	
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40 ~ +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +90	°C	
Caldaria a Tarrar anatarra	-	Reflow Soldering: 260 °C for 10 sec.		
Soldering Temperature	T_{sol}	Hand Soldering : 350 °C	for 3 sec.	

Notes: *1The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handling products.

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	Ф	1800		2000	lm	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	2.95		3.45	volt	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	V _F	2.50		3.20	volt	I _F =2mA
Viewing Angle	201/2		110		deg	I _F =20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			50	μΑ	V _R =5V

Notes:

^{1.} Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±7%.

^{2.} Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.05V.



Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

Bin Code	Condition	lm(Min.)	lm(Max.)	Unit
36		5.32	5.46	
37	_	5.46	5.60	
38	I _F =20mA	5.60	5.74	lm
39	_	5.74	5.88	
40		5.88	6.02	

Notes: Tolerance of Luminous Intensity, Luminous Flux: ±7%.

The spec. for intensity is quantified in lm, mcd is for reference only.

Bin Range of Forward Voltage (I_F=20mA)

Group	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
	6-1	2.95	3.05		
	6-2	3.05	3.15	volt	
6	7-1	3.15	3.25		I _F =20mA
	7-2	3.25	3.35		
	8-1	3.35	3.45		

Note: Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.05V



Bin Range of Forward Voltage (I_F=2mA)

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
0C	2.50	2.55		
0В	2.55	2.60	_	
0A	2.60	2.65	_	
00	2.65	2.70		
01	2.70	2.75		
02	2.75	2.80		
03	2.80	2.85	- -	IF=2mA
04	2.85	2.90	- V	IF-ZIIIA
05	2.90	2.95		
06	2.95	3.00		
07	3.00	3.05		
08	3.05	3.10		
09	3.10	3.15	_	
10	3.15	3.20	-	

Note: Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.05V

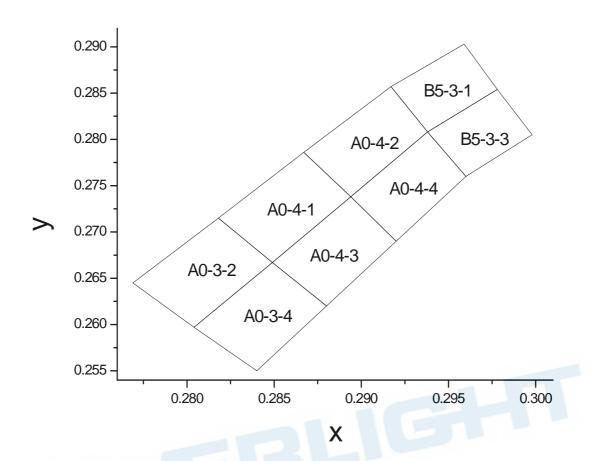


Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinate

Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
_	0.2804	0.2597		0.2840	0.2550
A0-3-2	0.2769	0.2645	- A0-3-4 -	0.2804	0.2597
AU-3-2	0.2818	0.2715	AU-3-4	0.2849	0.2667
	0.2849	0.2667		0.2880	0.2620
_	0.2849	0.2667	_	0.2894	0.2738
A0-4-1	0.2818	0.2715	- A0-4-2 -	0.2867	0.2786
A0-4-1	0.2867	0.2786	AU-4-2	0.2917	0.2857
	0.2894	0.2738		0.2938	0.2808
_	0.2880	0.2620		0.2920	0.2690
A0-4-3	0.2849	0.2667	- A0-4-4 -	0.2894	0.2738
A0-4-3	0.2894	0.2738	AU-4-4	0.2938	0.2808
	0.2920	0.2690		0.2960	0.2760
_	0.2938	0.2808		0.2960	0.2760
B5-3-1	0.2917	0.2857	- - B5-3-3 -	0.2938	0.2808
D0-0-1	0.2959	0.2903	D0-3-3	0.2978	0.2854
	0.2978	0.2854		0.2998	0.2805

Notes: Tolerance of Chromaticity Coordinates: ±0.01.

The C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram

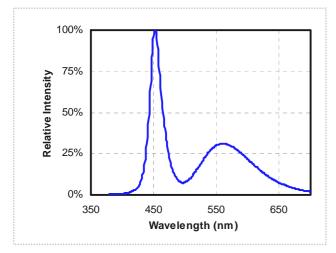




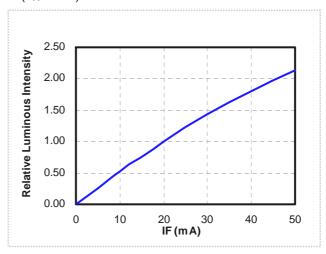
Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

1. Spectrum Distribution

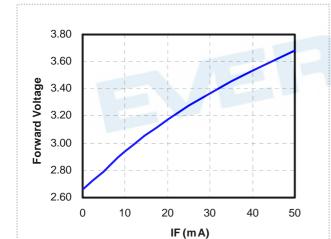
 $(T_A=25^{\circ}C, I_F=20mA)$



2. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current $(T_A=25^{\circ}C)$

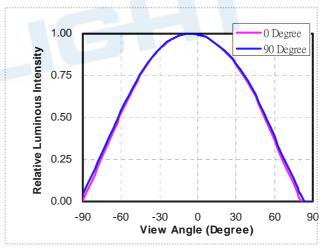


3. Relative Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current $(T_A=25^{\circ}C)$



4. Radiation Diagram

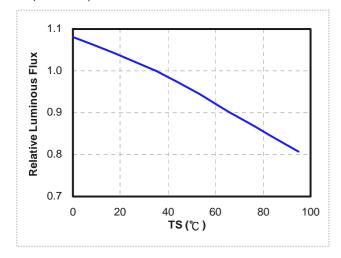
 $(T_A=25^{\circ}C, I_F=20mA)$



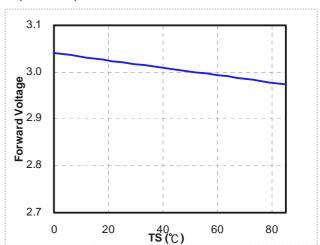


Typical Electro-Optical-Thermal Characteristics Curves

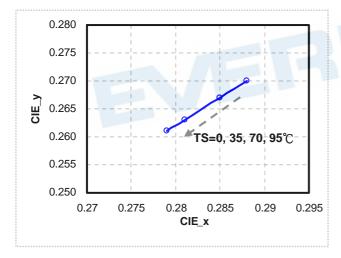
5. Relative Luminous Flux vs. Ambient Temperature (I_F=20mA)

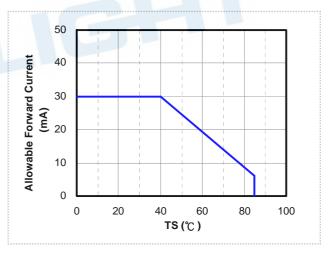


Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (I_F=20mA)



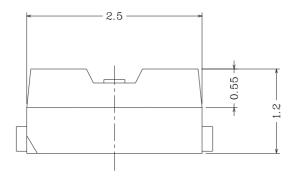
7. Chromaticity Coordinates vs. Ambient Temperature 8. Forward Current De-rating Curve (I_F=20mA)



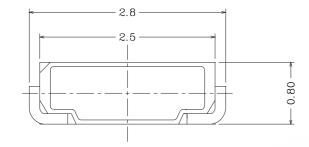


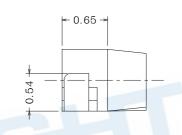


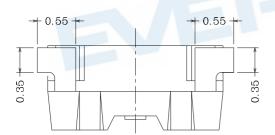
Package Dimension

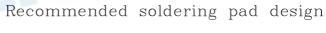


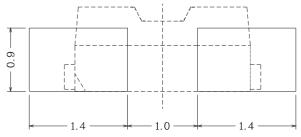












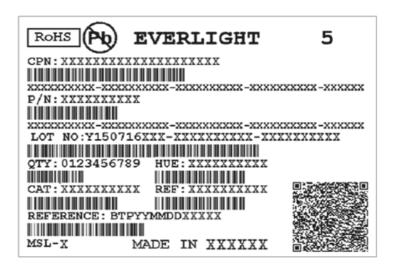
Note: Tolerances unless dimension are ±0.1mm, unit = mm.

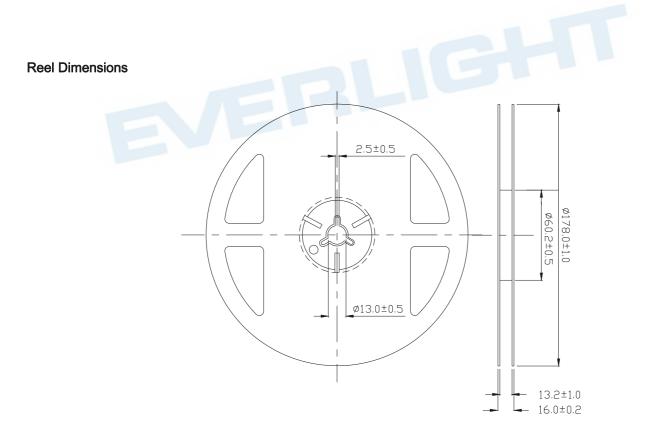


Moisture Resistant Packing Materials

Label Explanation

CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank
HUE: Chromaticity Coordinates
REF: Forward Voltage Rank

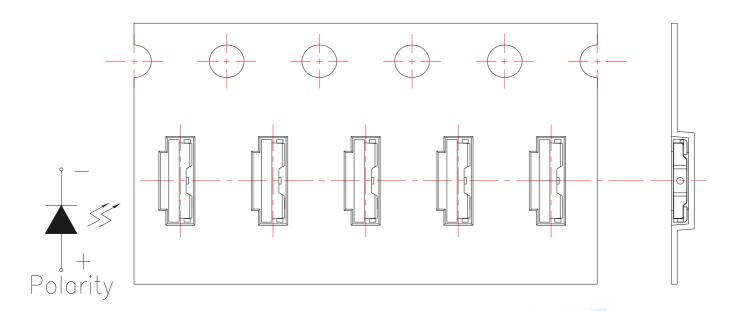




Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is ±0.1mm, Unit = mm

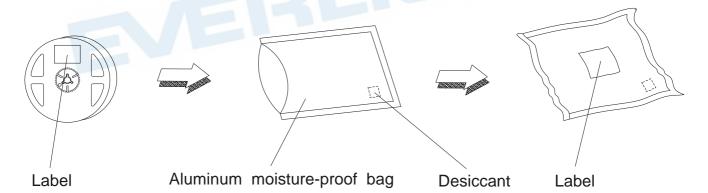
Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded Quantity 1000/2000 pcs. Per Reel

Progressive direction



Note: Tolerance unless mentioned is ±0.1mm; Unit = mm

Moisture Resistant Packing Process





Reliability Test Items and Conditions

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

Confidence level: 90%

LTPD: 10%

		Test Condition	_ Test Hours	Criteria		
NO	Item -	Temp./ Humidity	I _F (mA)	/ Times	Iv @ 20mA	V _F @ 20mA
1	Reflow Soldering	T = 260°C, Max. 1	0sec.	2 times	<±10%	<±10%
2	Temperature Cycle		00°C 30min.	200 cycles		
3	Thermal Shock		00°C 20min.	200 cycles		
4	Low Temp. Storage	Ta= -40°C		1000 hrs		
5	High Temp. Storage	Ta= 100°C		1000 hrs		
6	Temp. Humidity Storage	Ta= 60°C/ 90%RH		1000 hrs	v > 7	
7	Steady State Operating Life of Low Temp.	Ta= -40°C	20	1000 hrs	VF < 1	110%,
8	Steady State Operating Life Condition 1	Ta= 25°C/ Room Humidity	20	1000 hrs	•	
9	Steady State Operating Life Condition 2	Ta= 60°C	20	1000 hrs	•	
10	Steady State Operating Life of High Temp.	Ta= 85°C	5	1000 hrs	•	
11	Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat	Ta= 60°C/ 90%RH	20	1000 hrs	•	

Notes:

- 1. Sampling for each test item: 22 (pcs.)
- 2. Test board: PCB board thickness=1.0mm, copper layer thickness=0.07mm, Rth j-a=380°C/W.
- 3. Measurements are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature.



Precautions for Use

1. Over-current-proof

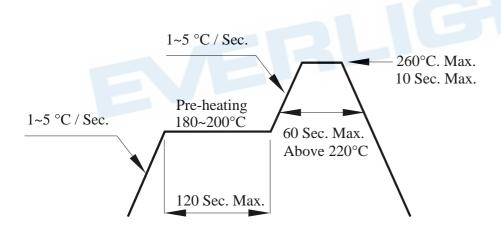
Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be used within one year and kept at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less.
- 2.3 After opening the package: We recommend that the LED should be soldered quickly (within 3 days). The soldering condition is 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
- 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment: 60±5°C for 24 hours. (One time only)

3. Soldering Condition

3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

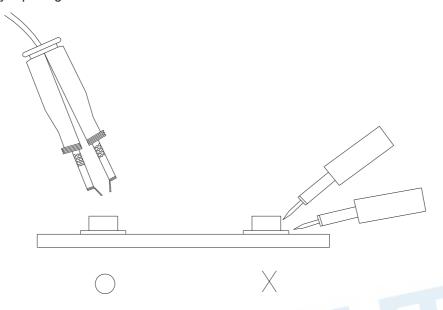
4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.



5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



6. Handling Indications

During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound.